

Core Python Details

- The course duration for core python is 1 month (60 hours)

Topics covered in Core Python Course

- Introduction to Python and computer programming
- Data types, variables, basic input-output operations, basic operators
- Boolean Values, Conditional Execution, Loops, Lists and List Processing, Logical and Bitwise Operations
- Functions, tuples, dictionaries, and data processing
- Code structuring and the concept of function
- Modules, Packages and PIP
- Strings, String and List Methods, Exceptions
- Object-Oriented Programming
- Python Networking Programming
- Python GUI Programming

The Python syllabus followed by Vidya is from Cisco Networking Academy Partnership so there will be added benefits such as

- Course Completion Certificate from Cisco NetAcad.
- If they are opting for Python + PCAP Exam Bundle in a Cisco Network Academy, then there will be 50% off on the cost of PCAP exam

Advanced Python

Python for web development

The course duration for python web development is 2 months (Provided you know basic python) (120 hours).

Topics covered in Python for Django Course

- Django's History
- The Basics of Dynamic Web Pages
- The Django Template System
- Interacting with a Database: Models
- The Django Administration Site
- Form Processing
- Advanced Views and URL configurations
- Generic Views
- Extending the Template Engine
- Users and Registration

Python For Data Science

The course duration for python data science is 150 hours.

Topics covered in Python for Data Science

Module-01: Data

- What is Data?
- Why is Data important?
- Types of Data:
 - Categorical Data
 - Numerical Data
 - Discrete Data
 - Continuous Data
 - Nominal Scale
 - Ordinary Scale
 - Interval scale
 - Ratio scale

- The DIKW Model: Knowledge Management and Data
- Transformation & Value Extraction DIKW Pyramid
- Data
- Information
- Knowledge+
- Wisdom

Module-02: Fundamentals of Data Science

- What is Data Science?
- Why Data Science?
- Common terminologies of Data Science
- Applications of Data Science
- Various roles within Data Science
- Careers in Data Science
- Module-03: Understanding Data Processing
 - Collection
 - Preparation
 - Input
 - Processing
 - Output
 - Storage
- Module-04: Essential Stages of Data Science Life Cycle
- 5-7 Days

Problem Statement

- Data Cleaning
- Data Analysis and Exploration
- Data Modelling
- Data Visualization, Plotting & Reporting
- Optimization and Deployment
- Module-05: Why Python for Data Science?
- Data Science Tools: Python Ecosystem
 - Setup a Python3 Ecosystem Environment
 - Setup a Python virtual environment
 - What is pip & pip, install and verify

- Install & Configure following Third Party Python
- Libraries
 - Python3 (Pre-Requisites)
 - VS Code (Pre-Requisites)
 - Jupyter Notebook
 - Introduction to Jupyter Notebook
 - Getting Started with Jupyter
 - Numpy
 - Scipy
 - Pandas
 - Matplotlib
 - Seaborn
 - Bokeh
 - Beautiful Soup
- Verify the versions of Python Libraries installation
- Beautiful Soup: Web Scraping
 - Requests Module
 - Response object
 - BeautifulSoup Library: Installation
 - Parsing the HTML
 - Scraping multiple Pages
 - Saving Data to CSV
- Numpy: Data Manipulation of large, multi-dimensional arrays and Matrices
 - What is NumPy in Python?
 - Why use NumPy?
 - How to Install NumPy
 - Import NumPy and Check Version
 - What is Python NumPy Array?
 - Creating a NumPy Array
 - Mathematical Operations on an Array
 - Shape of Array
 - 2 Dimension Array
 - 3 Dimension Array
 - What is numpy.zeros()?
 - What is numpy.ones()?
 - numpy.reshape() function in Python
 - numpy.flatten() in Python
 - What is numpy.hstack() in Python?
 - What is numpy.vstack() in Python?
 - Generate Random Numbers using NumPy ○ NumPy Asarray Function
 - What is numpy.arange()?
 - NumPy Linspace Function
 - LogSpace NumPy Function in Python
 - Indexing and Slicing in Python
 - Statistical Functions in Python
- Function
 - Numpy
- Min
 - np.min()
- Max

- np.max()
- Mean
 - np.mean()
- Median
 - np.median()
- Standard deviation
 - np.std()

- What is numpy dot product?
- Matrix Multiplication in Python
- Determinant
- pandas: Data Manipulation and Analysis
 - What is Pandas?
 - Why use Pandas?
 - How to Install Pandas?
 - What is a Series?
 - What is a Pandas DataFrame?
 - Create & Work with Pandas Series
 - Create & Work with Pandas DataFrame
 - Pandas Range Data
- Label Encoding
- One-Hot Encoding
- Inspecting Data
- Slicing, Indexing
- Drop a Column
- Concatenation
- Working with CSV, Excel, JSON, RDBMS,
- NOSQL data using pandas
- Manipulating using pandas Dataframe
- Data Cleaning/Wrangling/Munging Using pandas
- What is Data Cleaning
 - Data Cleaning Life Cycle
 - Get the Datasets, Merge the Datasets
 - Manage the missing data
 - Data Standardization and Normalisation
 - Deduplication
 - Export the dataset
- Matplotlib & Seaborn: Data Visualization & Plotting
- What is Data Visualization?
- Benefits of Good Data Visualization
- Different Types of Analysis for Data Visualization
- Univariate Analysis Techniques for Data
 - Visualisation
- Bivariate Analysis Techniques for Data
 - Visualisation
- Box plots
- Scatter Plot
- Histograms
- Count plots
- Correlation plots
- Heat Maps

- Pie Charts
- Error Bars

Job roles after learning Python

- Python developer
- Data analyst
- Product manager
- Machine learning engineer
- Research Analyst
- Data Scientist
- Software Developer
- Full-stack developer
- Python Application Engineer

Famous websites using python

- Instagram

Instagram currently features the world's largest deployment of the Django web framework, which is written entirely in Python

- Google

Python has been an important part of Google since the beginning, and remains so as the system grows and evolves. Today dozens of Google engineers use Python

- Spotify

Spotify's backend consists of many interdependent services, connected by [its] own messaging protocol over ZeroMQ. Around 80% of these services are written in Python.