

1. Monitoring, Logging, and Remediation-

1.1 Implement metrics, alarms, and filters by using AWS monitoring and logging services-

-Identify, collect, analyze, and export logs (for example, Amazon CloudWatch Logs, CloudWatch Logs Insights, AWS CloudTrail logs)

-Collect metrics and logs using the CloudWatch agent

-Create CloudWatch alarms

-Create metric filters

-Create CloudWatch dashboards

-Configure notifications (for example, Amazon Simple Notification Service [Amazon SNS],

-Service Quotas, CloudWatch alarms, AWS Health events)

1.2 Remediate issues based on monitoring and availability metrics-

-Troubleshoot or take corrective actions based on notifications and alarms

-Configure Amazon Event Bridge rules to trigger actions

-Use AWS Systems Manager Automation documents to take action based on AWS Config. Rules

2. Reliability and Business Continuity-

2.1 Implement scalability and elasticity-

-Create and maintain AWS Auto Scaling plans

-Implement caching

-Implement Amazon RDS replicas and Amazon Aurora Replicas

-Implement loosely coupled architectures

-Differentiate between horizontal scaling and vertical scaling

2.2 Implement high availability and resilient environments-

-Configure Elastic Load Balancer and Amazon Route 53 health checks

-Differentiate between the use of a single Availability Zone and Multi-AZ

deployments (for example, Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling groups, Elastic Load Balancing, Amazon FSx, Amazon RDS)

-Implement fault-tolerant workloads (for example, Amazon Elastic File System [Amazon EFS], Elastic IP addresses)

-Implement Route 53 routing policies (for example, failover, weighted, latency based)

2.3 Implement backup and restore strategies-

-Automate snapshots and backups based on use cases (for example, RDS snapshots, AWS Backup, RTO and RPO, Amazon Data Lifecycle Manager, retention policy)

-Restore databases (for example, point-in-time restore, promote read replica) -Implement versioning and lifecycle rules -Configure Amazon S3 Cross-Region Replication

-Execute disaster recovery procedures

3. Deployment, Provisioning, and Automation-

3.1 Provision and maintain cloud resources-

-Create and manage AMIs (for example, EC2 Image Builder)

-Create, manage, and troubleshoot AWS Cloud Formation

-Provision resources across multiple AWS Regions and accounts (for example,

AWS Resource Access Manager, Cloud Formation Stack Sets, IAM

cross-account roles)

-Select deployment scenarios and services (for example, blue/green, rolling, canary)

-Identify and remediate deployment issues (for example, service quotas, subnet sizing, Cloud Formation and AWS OpsWorks errors, and permissions)

3.2 Automate manual or repeatable processes-

-Use AWS services (for example, OpsWorks, Systems Manager,

CloudFormation) to automate deployment processes

-Implement automated patch management

-Schedule automated tasks by using AWS services (for example, EventBridge, AWS Config)

4. Security and Compliance-

4.1 Implement and manage security and compliance policies-

-Implement IAM features (for example, password policies, MFA, roles, SAML, federated identity, resource policies, and policy conditions)

-Troubleshoot and audit access issues by using AWS services (for example,

Cloud Trail, IAM Access Analyzer, IAM policy simulator)

-Validate service control policies and permissions boundaries

-Review AWS Trusted Advisor security checks

-Validate AWS Region and service selections based on compliance requirements -Implement secure multi-account strategies (for example, AWS Control Tower,

AWS Organizations)

4.2 Implement data and infrastructure protection strategies-

-Enforce a data classification scheme

-Create, manage, and protect encryption keys

-Implement encryption at rest (for example, AWS Key Management Service [AWS KMS])

-Implement encryption in transit (for example, AWS Certificate Manager, VPN) -Securely store secrets by using AWS services (for example, AWS Secrets Manager, Systems Manager Parameter Store)

-Review reports or findings (for example, AWS Security Hub, Amazon Guard Duty, AWS Config, Amazon Inspector)

5. Networking and Content Delivery-

5.1 Implement networking features and connectivity-

-Configure a VPC (for example, subnets, route tables, network ACLs, security groups, NAT gateway, and internet gateway)

-Configure private connectivity (for example, Systems Manager Session Manager, VPC endpoints, VPC peering, VPN)

-Configure AWS network protection services (for example, AWS WAF, AWS Shield)

5.2 Configure domains, DNS services, and content delivery-

-Configure Route 53 hosted zones and records

-Implement Route 53 routing policies (for example, geo-location, and geo-proximity)

-Configure DNS (for example, Route 53 Resolver)

-Configure Amazon CloudFront and S3 origin access identity (OAI)

5.3 Troubleshoot network connectivity issues-

-Interpret VPC configurations (for example, subnets, route tables, network ACLs, security groups)

-Collect and interpret logs (for example, VPC Flow Logs, Elastic Load Balancer access logs, AWS WAF web ACL logs, Cloud Front logs)

-Identify and remediate Cloud Front caching issues

-Troubleshoot hybrid and private connectivity issues

6. Cost and Performance Optimization-

6.1 Implement cost optimization strategies-

-Implement cost allocation tags

-Identify and remediate underutilized or unused resources by using AWS services and tools (for example, Trusted Advisor, AWS Compute Optimizer, Cost Explorer)

-Configure AWS Budgets and billing alarms

-Assess resource usage patterns to qualify workloads for EC2 Spot Instances -Identify opportunities to use managed services (for example, Amazon RDS,

AWS Fargate, EFS)

6.2 Implement performance optimization strategies-

-Recommend compute resources based on performance metrics

-Monitor Amazon EBS metrics and modify configuration to increase performance efficiency

-Implement S3 performance features (for example, S3 Transfer Acceleration, multipart uploads)

-Monitor RDS metrics and modify the configuration to increase performance efficiency (for example, Performance Insights, RDS Proxy)

-Enable enhanced EC2 capabilities (for example, enhanced network adapter, instance store, placement groups)